COVER STORY

& KLQD-V ¶'XDO & LUFXODWL Strategy to Divert More Money to Domestic Market

ual circulation' as a labour with resource-supplying countries.for years. This particular timing can be exconcept is not a recent The article concludes by heralding theplained by looking at three aspects: thing and can be traced reform of the distorted pricing system and

back to as early as 2008 when the book be establishment of a virtuous economidFirst, the trend of history. The world has 50 Chinese Economists: A Review and ycle at home. These can be regarded agentered the Fourth Industrial Revolution, Analysis of 30 Years of Reform in Chinaearly thoughts on "the market-oriented where a new wave of technological prowas published. In this collection, one reform of production factors" and "a de gress has launched us into a new era of article suggests that China should rethink velopment paradigm with domestic circu-globalisation, creating a new world order its "catch-up" industrialisation strategy, lation as the mainstay." and a new paradigm for interest distribution and bringing momentous changes

innovation capacity, tap into its domestic Thus, instead of being quickly brainstormedunseen in a century. market to gain an impetus for economicby high-ranking policymakers, dual circula-

growth and use peaceful means to stration has only just surfaced on the agenda **a** econd, the current international situtegically form a reciprocal division of this particular point in time after simmering ation. Considering the already slowdown-hit state of globalisation before COVID-19 and the pandemic's disruptive impact on international travel and trade, it is not practical any longer for China to anchor its economy development on foreign trade.

Third, China's stage of economic development. China's export- and investment-led growth strategy has been largely built on its two comparative advantages in demographic dividend and low-cost capital, both of which, however, are now dwindling. Apparently, domestic consumption is on track to become China's main economic driver.

Domestic circulation requires reforms on both the demand and supply sides. To spur domestic consumption, the Chinese government has rolled out a string of policies, including stricter housing market regulations in line with the principle that "houses are for people to live in, not for speculation," to crowd out spending